

6.8  $X_t = S_t + \eta_t$   $\{\eta_t\}_{t=0}^{N-1}$  iid  $\eta_0 \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$   
 $S_t = A \cos(\omega t - \phi)$

let  $\underline{X} = [X_0 \dots X_{N-1}]^T$   
 $\underline{S} = [S_0 \dots S_{N-1}]^T$   
 $\underline{\theta} = [A, \phi, \omega, \sigma^2]$

$$\log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}}(\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}) = \log \frac{1}{(2\pi)^N} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 N}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \|\underline{X} - \underline{S}\|^2\right]$$

$$\log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = K - \frac{N}{2} \log(\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} (X_t - S_t)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial A} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} (X_t - S_t) \cdot \frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial A^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} -\left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right)^2 + (X_t - S_t) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial A^2} S_t$$

$$-E \frac{\partial^2}{\partial A^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \omega \partial A} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} -\left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \omega}\right) \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right) + (X_t - S_t) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \omega \partial A} S_t$$

$$-E \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \omega \partial A} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \omega}\right) \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi \partial A} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} -\left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \phi}\right) \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right) + (X_t - S_t) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi \partial A} S_t$$

$$-E (") = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \phi}\right) \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial A}\right)$$

similarly

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \sigma^2 \partial A} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = 0$$

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \phi}\right)^2$$

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi \partial \omega} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \phi}\right) \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \omega}\right)$$

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \sigma^2 \partial \phi} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = 0$$

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \omega^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \left(\frac{\partial S_t}{\partial \omega}\right)^2$$

$$-E \left[ \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \sigma^2 \partial \omega} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} \right] = 0$$

and

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \sigma^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = -\frac{N}{2} \frac{1}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(\sigma^2)^2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} (X_t - S_t)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \sigma^2 \partial \sigma^2} \log f_{\underline{X}|\underline{\theta}} = \frac{N}{2} \frac{1}{\sigma^4} - \frac{1}{(\sigma^2)^3} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} (X_t - S_t)^2$$

so

$$-E \left[ \frac{2z}{2\sigma^2} \log f_{x|e} \right] = \frac{N}{(\sigma^2)^2} - \frac{N}{2} \frac{1}{(\sigma^2)^2} = \frac{N}{2\sigma^4}$$

also

$$\frac{2s_t}{2A} = \cos(\omega t - \phi)$$

$$\frac{2s_t}{2\phi} = A \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

$$\frac{2s_t}{2w} = -tA \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

so

$$\bar{J}_x(\theta) = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right)^2 & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right) & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2w}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right) & 0 \\ \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right) & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right)^2 & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2w}\right) & 0 \\ \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2w}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right) & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2w}\right) & \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2w}\right)^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

from section 6.12

$$SNR = \frac{NA^2}{2\sigma^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(x-y) &= \\ \sin(x)\cos(y) &- \\ \cos(x)\sin(y) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(x+y) &= \\ \sin(x)\cos(y) &+ \\ \cos(x)\sin(y) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(x+y) &= \\ \cos(x)\cos(y) &- \\ \sin(x)\sin(y) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(x-y) &= \\ \cos(x)\cos(y) &+ \\ \sin(x)\sin(y) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right)^2 &= \frac{1}{2} \sum (1 + \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi)) \\ &= \frac{N}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{t=0}^{N-1} \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sim \Delta \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x) dx = 0$$

Further

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \left(\frac{2s_t}{2\phi}\right) \left(\frac{2s_t}{2A}\right) &= \sum A \cos(\omega t - \phi) \sin(\omega t - \phi) \\ &= \frac{A}{2} \sum \sin(2\omega t - 2\phi) + 0 \\ &\sim \Delta \int_0^{2\pi} \sin(x) dx = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum \left( \frac{2\epsilon t}{2\sigma} \right)^2 = \sum A^2 \sin^2(\omega t - \phi) = A^2 \left( N - \underbrace{\sum \cos^2(\omega t - \phi)}_{\sim N/2} \right) \sim \frac{NA^2}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum t \sin^2(\omega t - \phi) &= \sum t - \sum t \cos^2(\omega t - \phi) \\ &= \sum \frac{t}{2} + \sum \frac{t}{2} \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi) \\ &= \sum \frac{t}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{2\omega} \underbrace{\sum \sin(2\omega t - 2\phi)}_{\sim \Delta \int_0^{2\pi} \sin(x) dx = 0} \\ &\sim \frac{1}{2} \sum t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum t \sin(\omega t - \phi) \cos(\omega t - \phi) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum t \sin(2\omega t - 2\phi) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{2\omega} \underbrace{\sum \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi)}_{\approx \Delta \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x) dx = 0} \\ &\approx 0 \end{aligned}$$

large N approximation to  $J_x(\theta)$ .

$$J_x(\theta) = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} N/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A^2 N/2 & -\frac{A^2}{2} \sum t & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{A^2}{2} \sum t & \frac{A^2}{2} \sum t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Since

$$\begin{aligned} \sum t^2 \sin^2(\omega t - \phi) &= \sum t^2 - \sum t^2 \cos^2(\omega t - \phi) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum t^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum t^2 \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum t^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{2^2}{2\omega^2} \frac{1}{4} \underbrace{\sum \cos(2\omega t - 2\phi)}_{\approx 0} \\ &\approx \frac{1}{2} \sum t^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\det J_x = \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \det \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{NA^2}{2} & -\frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t & 0 \\ -\frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t & \frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \cdot \frac{N}{2\sigma^4} \cdot \frac{A^4}{\sigma^4} \left[ \frac{N}{4} \Sigma t^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\Sigma t\right)^2 \right]$$

$$\det J_x = \frac{A^4 N^2}{16(\sigma^2)^5} \left[ N \Sigma t^2 - (\Sigma t)^2 \right]$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{1,1} = \det \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A^2 N}{2} & -\frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t & 0 \\ -\frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t & \frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{2\sigma^2}{N}$$

$$\frac{\det J_x}{\det J_x}$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{2,2} = \det \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{N}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{A^2}{2}\Sigma t^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\frac{N^2 A^2}{8(\sigma^2)^4} \Sigma t^2}{\frac{N^2 A^4}{16(\sigma^2)^5} [N \Sigma t^2 - (\Sigma t)^2]}$$

$$\frac{\det J_x}{\det J_x}$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{2,2} = \frac{2\sigma^2}{A^2} \frac{1}{\left[ N - \frac{(\Sigma t)^2}{\Sigma t^2} \right]}$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{3,3} = \det \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{N}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{A^2 N}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\frac{A^2 N^3}{(\sigma^2)^4} \frac{1}{8}}{\frac{N^2 A^4}{16(\sigma^2)^5} [N \Sigma t^2 - (\Sigma t)^2]}$$

$$\frac{\det J_x}{\det J_x}$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{3,3} = \frac{2\sigma^2}{A^2} \frac{1}{\left[ \Sigma t^2 - \frac{1}{N} (\Sigma t)^2 \right]}$$

$$[J_x^{-1}]_{4,4} = \det \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \begin{bmatrix} N/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A^2 N/2 & -A^2 \sum t \\ 0 & -A^2 \sum t & A^2 \sum t^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{N}{2\sigma^2} \left[ \frac{N}{4} \sum t^2 - \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum t \right)^2 \right] \frac{A^4}{\sigma^4}}{\det J_x}$$

$$= \frac{A^4 N^2}{8 (\sigma^2)^3} \left[ \sum t^2 - \frac{1}{N} (\sum t)^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{N^2 A^4}{16 (\sigma^2)^5} \left[ N \sum t^2 - (\sum t)^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{2 \sigma^4}{N}$$

Large-N approximations to the variance bounds

$$A: [J_x^{-1}]_{1,1} = \frac{2\sigma^2}{N} = A^2 \frac{2\sigma^2}{NA^2} = \frac{1}{\text{SNR}} A^2$$

$$\phi: [J_x^{-1}]_{2,2} = \frac{1}{\text{SNR}} \frac{1}{\left[ 1 - \frac{1}{N} \frac{(\sum t)^2}{\sum t^2} \right]}$$

$$\omega: [J_x^{-1}]_{3,3} = \frac{1}{\text{SNR}} \frac{N}{\left[ \sum t^2 - \frac{1}{N} (\sum t)^2 \right]}$$

$$\sigma^2: [J_x^{-1}]_{4,4} = \frac{1}{\text{SNR}} \sigma^2 A^2$$

$$A=1, \omega=\frac{1}{20}, \phi=0, \sigma^2 = NA^2/2 \text{ SNR}$$

