

EECE 2412 – Homework 12 – Fall 2018

Due: Wednesday, December 5, 2018

- 1) Problem 6.10 on page 406 in the textbook.
- 2) Problem 6.22 on page 406 in the textbook.
- 3) Review the material that you read in Section 6.4 of the textbook, and then solve problem 6.26 on page 407 in the textbook.
- 4) Design a CMOS inverter with a DC transfer characteristic in which the output transitions between logic 0 and 1 ($V_o \approx 2.5V$) when the input is $V_{DD}/2 = 2.5V$. That is, the trip point should be located close to half of the 5V supply voltage.
 - a) Find the required ratio (W_p/W_n) for the widths of the PMOS and NMOS transistors assuming the following parameters: $K_{P_N} = \mu_n \cdot C_{ox} = 150\mu A/V^2$, $K_{P_P} = \mu_p \cdot C_{ox} = 50\mu A/V^2$, $\lambda = 0.02V^{-1}$, $V_{toN} = 0.7V$, $V_{toP} = -1V$, $L = L_{min} = 0.6\mu m$.
 - b) Select the transistor widths that make the maximum current during the transition equal to 3mA.
 - c) Sketch the DC transfer characteristic of the inverter and label the trip point.
- 5) Problem 6.66 on page 410 in the textbook. Note that the problem statement is asking for a 3-input NOR gate instead of a 2-input gate as in the mentioned example.
- 6) Sketch a suitable pull-up network (PUN) and the corresponding pull-down network (PDN) to realize a complex CMOS logic gate whose output has the following logic function: $Y = \bar{A} \cdot \overline{(B + C)}$.
- 7) Write the logic function [in the form $Y = f(A,B,C,D)$] that is realized by the complex logic gate below.

