## EECE 2210 - Electrical Engineering Quiz 6

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The circuit shown is an inverting amplifier, with  $R_1 = 1 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 15 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 2 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ . In this case, the positive power supply for the amplifier is  $V_{CC} = 1.5 \,\mathrm{V}$ , and the negative supply is grounded, so that  $V_{EE} = 0$ . We connect an ideal voltage source,  $V_{in} = V_{DC} + v_{AC} \cos \omega t$  the input.

1. What is the voltage gain of the amplifier?

 $A_v =$ \_\_\_\_\_

2. What will be the two possible output voltages that will result when the amplifier is saturated?

 $V_o =$  \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ V.

3. If  $V_{DC} = 0$  what is the maximum of  $V_{AC}$  that can be input such that the output will still be a sine wave? By this I mean that the output will not be saturated or "clipped."

 $V_{ACmax} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ V.

3. What value of  $V_{DC}$  will allow the largest  $V_{AC}$  such that the output will still be a sinusoid?

 $V_{DC} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ V.

4. What is the largest value of  $V_{AC}$  in part 3?

 $V_{ACmax} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ V.



1. What is the voltage gain of the amplifier?

 $A_v = -\frac{15\,\mathrm{kOhms}}{1\,\mathrm{kOhm}} = -15$ 

2. What will be the two possible output voltages that will result when the amplifier is saturated?

 $V_o = 0$  and  $1.5 \,\mathrm{V}$ .

3. If  $V_{DC} = 0$  what is the maximum of  $V_{AC}$  that can be input such that the output will still be a sine wave? By this I mean that the output will not be saturated or "clipped."

 $V_{ACmax} = 0$  V. The amplifier will always saturate on any positive input.

3. What value of  $V_{DC}$  will allow the largest  $V_{AC}$  such that the output will still be a sinusoid?

Put the DC output in the middle of its range  $V_o = 1.5 \text{ V}/2$ .  $V_{DC} = 1.5 \text{ V} \frac{1}{A_V} = -100 \text{ mV}.$ 

4. What is the largest value of  $V_{AC}$  in part 3?

 $V_{ACmax} = 100 \,\mathrm{mV}.$